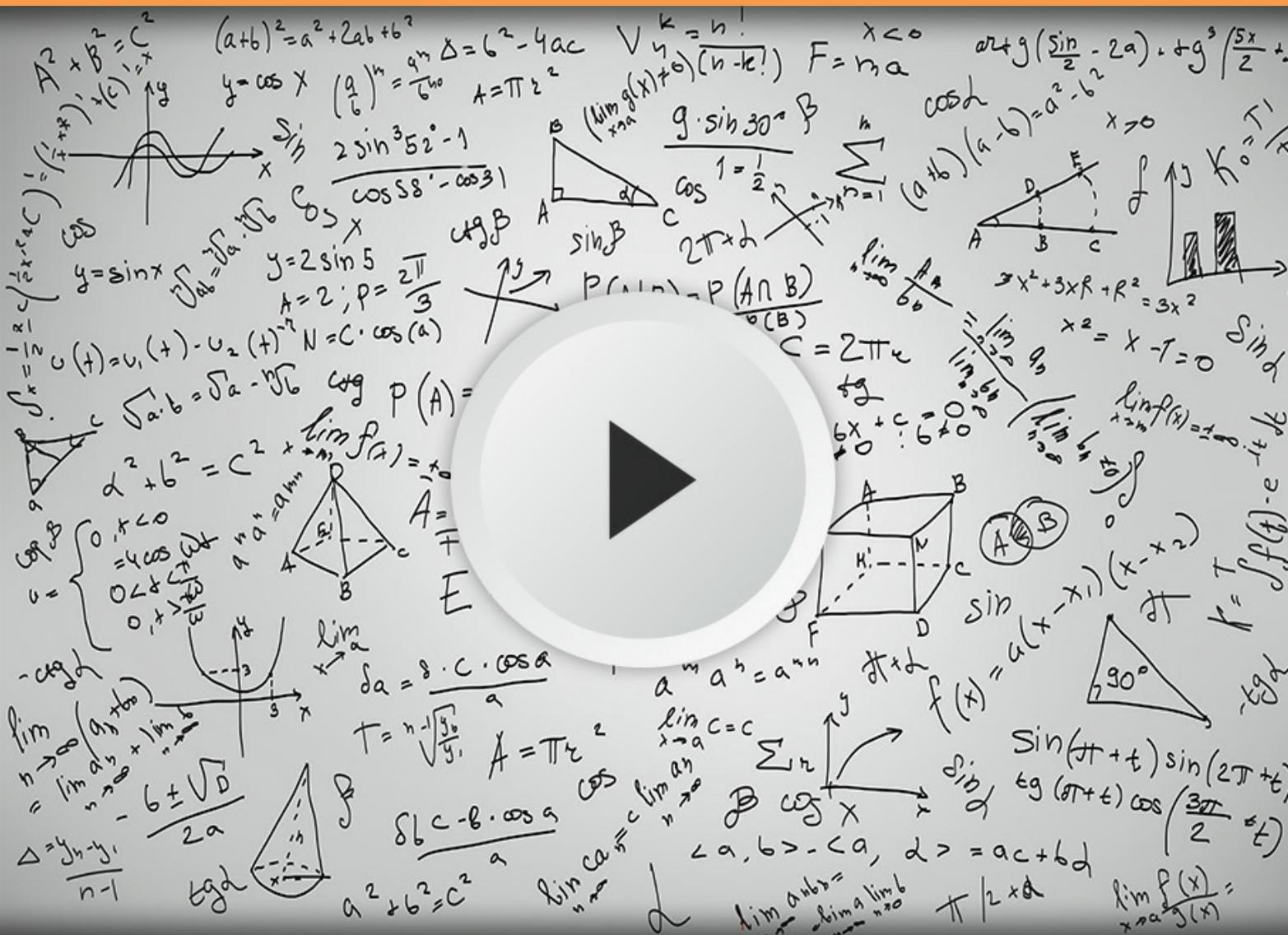


Introduction to Complex Numbers

YouTube Workbook

Christopher C. Tisdell



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Introduction to Complex Numbers: *YouTube Workbook*



Introduction to Complex Numbers: *YouTube* Workbook

1st edition

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ISBN 978-87-403-1110-5

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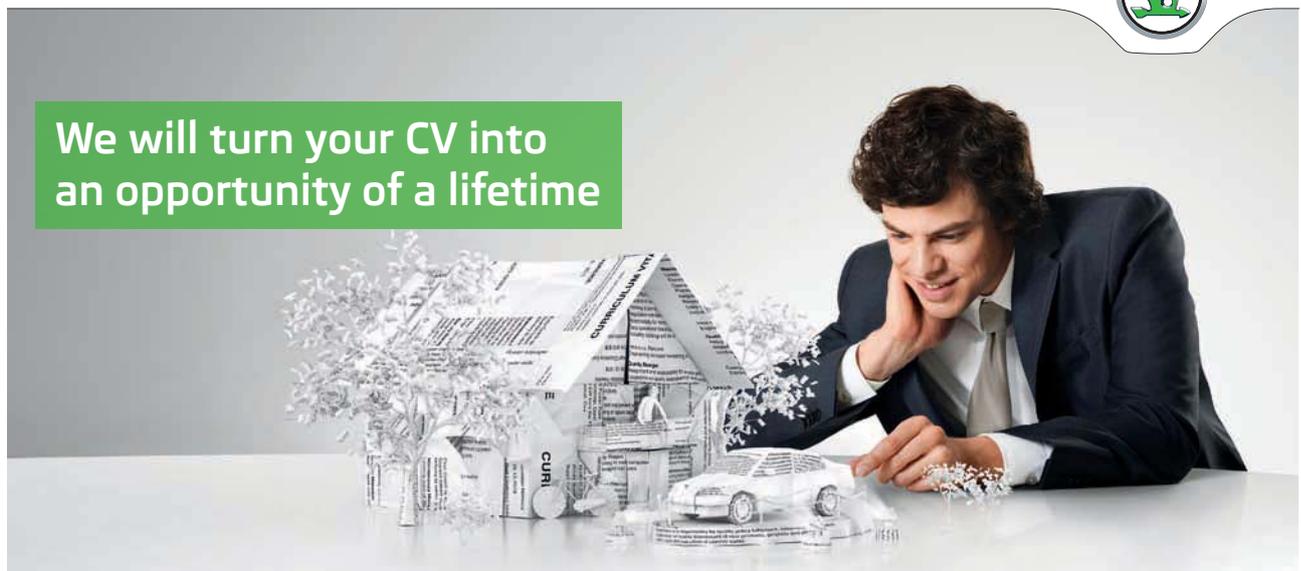
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How to use this workbook

This workbook is designed to be used in conjunction with the author's free online video tutorials. Inside this workbook each chapter is divided into learning modules (subsections), each having its own dedicated video tutorial.

View the online video via the hyperlink located at the top of the page of each learning module, with workbook and paper or tablet at the ready. Or click on the *Introduction to Complex Numbers* playlist where all the videos for the workbook are located in chronological order:

Introduction to Complex Numbers

www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLGCj8f6sgswm6oVMzqBbNXooFT43yqViP

www.tinyurl.com/ComplexNumbersYT.

While watching each video, fill in the spaces provided after each example in the workbook and annotate to the associated text.

You can also access the above via the author's YouTube channel

[Dr Chris Tisdell's YouTube Channel](#)

<http://www.youtube.com/DrChrisTisdell>

There has been an explosion in books that blend text with video since the author's pioneering work *Engineering Mathematics: YouTube Workbook* [46]. The current text takes innovation in learning to a new level, with:

- the video presentations herein streamed live online, giving the classes a live, dynamic and fun feeling;
- each video featuring closed captions, providing each learner with the ability to watch, read or listen to each video presentation.

About the author

Dr Chris Tisdell is Associate Dean (Education), Faculty of Science at UNSW Australia who has inspired millions of learners through his passion for mathematics and his innovative online approach to maths education. He is best-known for creating YouTube university-level maths videos, which have attracted millions of downloads. This has made his virtual classroom the top-ranked learning and teaching website across Australian universities on the education hub YouTube EDU.

His free online textbook, *Engineering Mathematics: YouTube Workbook*, is one of the most popular mathematical books of its kind, with more than 1 million downloads in over 200 countries. A champion of free and flexible education, he is driven by a desire to ensure that anyone, anywhere at any time, has equal access to the mathematical skills that are critical for careers in science, engineering and technology.

Vision, leadership and management skills underpins his experience in educational change. In 2008 he dared to dream of educational experiences that featured personalized and scalable learning. His early leadership on enabling technologies such as: lecture capture; open educational resources; MOOCs; learning analytics; and gamification, has significantly influenced and positively changed L&T strategies at the institutional level.

He is a recognized leader in the online learning space at national and institutional levels, winning education awards and positively transforming learning and teaching.

As an Associate Dean (Education) at UNSW Australia he has been responsible for leading, managing and operationalising educational change at-scale, including inspiring positive transformation within 7,000 science students, 400 academic staff, 300+ courses and scores of programs within UNSW Science.

Chris has collaborated with industry and policy-makers, championed educational thought-leadership in the media and constantly draws on the feedback of key stakeholders worldwide to advance learning and teaching.

Acknowledgments

I'm grateful to the following, who admirably transcribed audio to text for each video to create closed captions and helped me proofread drafts of the manuscript. **Thank you:**

Anubhav Ashish; Johann Blanco; Sean Cossins; Jonathan Kim Sing; Madeleine Kyng; Jeffrey Lay; Harris Phan; Anthony Tran; Koha Tran; Ines Vallely; Velushomaz; Wilson Yuan.

I would also like to express my thanks to the Bookboon team for their support.

1 What is a complex number?

1.1 Video 1: Complex numbers are AWESOME

1.1.1 Where are we going?

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [1]

- We will learn about a new kind of number known as a “complex number”.
- We will discover the basic properties of complex numbers and investigate some of their mathematical applications.

Complex numbers rest on the idea of the “imaginary unit” i , which is dened via

$$i = \sqrt{-1}$$

with i satisfying the equation

$$i^2 = -1.$$

Even though the thought of i may seem crazy, we will see that is a really useful idea.

1.1.2 Why are complex numbers AWESOME?

There are at least two reasons why complex numbers are AWESOME:-

1. their real-world applications;
2. their ability to SIMPLIFY mathematics.

For example, i arises in the solutions

$$x(t) = e^{i\sqrt{k/m} t} \text{ and } x(t) = e^{-i\sqrt{k/m} t}.$$

to a basic spring-mass differential equation

$$m \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + kx = 0$$

where: $x = x(t)$ is the position of the mass at time t ; $m > 0$ is the mass; and $k > 0$ is the stiffness of the spring.

Also, i appears in Fourier transform techniques, which are important for solving partial differential equations from science and engineering.

Complex numbers are AWESOME because they provide a SIMPLER framework from which we can view and do mathematics.

As a result, applying methods involving complex numbers can simplify calculations, removing a lot of the boring and tedious parts of mathematical work.

For example, complex numbers provides a quick alternative to integration by parts for something like

$$\int e^{-t} \cos t dt$$

and gives easy ways of constructing trig formulae, for example

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(x + y) &= \sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y \\ \cos 2\theta &= \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \end{aligned}$$

so you might never have to remember another trig formula ever again!

1.1.3 What is a complex number?

Here are some examples of complex numbers:

$$\begin{array}{ll} 3 + 2i, & -7 + 3i, \\ 6 - i, & 2i, \\ -1 - 4i, & -2 - 2i. \end{array}$$

Important idea (What is a complex number? (Cartesian form)).

The Cartesian form of a complex number z is

$$x + yi \quad \text{or} \quad x + iy$$

where x and y are both real numbers and i is known as the imaginary unit $i = \sqrt{-1}$ and satisfies $i^2 = -1$. The number x is called the “real part of z ”; while y is called the “imaginary part of z ”.

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1.1.4 How to graphically represent complex numbers?

Complex numbers can be represented in the "complex plane" via what is known as an Argand diagram, which features:

- a "real" (horizontal) axis;
- an "imaginary" (vertical) axis.

2 Basic operations involving complex numbers

2.1 Video 2: How to add/subtract two complex numbers

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [3]

To add/subtract two complex numbers just add/subtract their corresponding components.

Example.

If $z = 1 + 3i$ and $w = 2 + i$ then

$$\begin{aligned}z + w &= (1 + 3i) + (2 + i) \\ &= (1 + 2) + (3i + i) \\ &= 3 + 4i\end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}z - w &= (1 + 3i) - (2 + i) \\ &= (1 - 2) + (3i - i) \\ &= -1 + 2i.\end{aligned}$$

A geometric interpretation of addition is seen through a simple parallelogram or triangle law.

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2.2 Video 3: How to multiply a real number with a complex number

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Multiplication of a real number with a complex number involves multiplying each component in a natural distributive fashion.

Example.

If $z = 2 + 3i$ then

$$\begin{aligned}2z &= 2(2 + 3i) \\ &= (2 * 2) + (2 * 3i) \\ &= 4 + 6i\end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}-4z &= -4(2 + 3i) \\ &= (-4 * 2) + (-4 * 3i) \\ &= -8 - 12i.\end{aligned}$$

A geometric interpretation of (scalar) multiplication is seen through a stretching principle.

2.3 Video 4: How to multiply complex numbers together

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Multiplication of two complex numbers involves natural distribution (and remembering $i^2 = -1$).

Example.

If $z = 2 + i$ and $w = 1 + i$ then

$$\begin{aligned}zw &= (2 + i)(1 + i) \\ &= (2 * 1 + i * i) + (2 * i + i * 1) \\ &= (2 - 1) + 3i \\ &= 1 + 3i.\end{aligned}$$

The geometric interpretation of multiplication is seen through rotation and stretching/compression.



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2.3.1 What is the geometric explanation of multiplication?

Example.

Let us consider $z = 2i$ and $w = 1 + i$ in the complex plane.

If we compute the distances from z and w to the origin (using Pythagoras) then we see that

$$|z| = 2, \quad |w| = \sqrt{2}.$$

Now consider the line segments joining z and w to the origin. If we compute the angles θ_1, θ_2 to the positive real axis (using trig) with $-\pi < \theta_k \leq \pi$ then we see

$$\theta_1 = \pi/2, \quad \theta_2 = \pi/4.$$

Now consider $zw = -2 + 2i$. We have

$$|zw| = 2\sqrt{2}, \quad \theta_3 = 3\pi/4.$$

We thus see that $|zw| = |z| |w|$ and $\theta_3 = \theta_1 + \theta_2$.

2.4 Video 5: How to divide complex numbers

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [5]

2.4.1 How to divide by a complex number

Division of two complex numbers involves multiplying through by a “factor of one” that turns the denominator into a real number. To do this, we use the “conjugate” of the denominator.

Example.

If $z = 2 + i$ and $w = 3 + 2i$ then

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{z}{w} &= \frac{2 + i}{3 + 2i} \\ &= \frac{2 + i}{3 + 2i} * \frac{3 - 2i}{3 - 2i} \\ &= \frac{(6 - 2i^2) + (3i - 4i)}{(9 - 4i^2) + (6i - 6i)} \\ &= \frac{8 - i}{13} = \frac{8}{13} - i\frac{1}{13}.\end{aligned}$$

Observe that the denominator is now real and we can (say) easily plot the complex number z/w .

If we interpret division as a kind of multiplication, then the geometric interpretation of division can also be seen through rotation/stretching.

2.4.2 Basic operations with complex numbers

Example.

If $z = -2 + 3i$ then calculate z^2 .

Consider

$$\begin{aligned} z^2 &= (-2 + 3i) * (-2 + 3i) \\ &= (4 + 9i^2) - 6i - 6i \\ &= -5 - 12i. \end{aligned}$$

Independent learning exercise: plot z and z^2 . Can you see a relationship between their lengths to the origin?

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2.5 Video 6: Complex numbers: Quadratic formula

Applying the quadratic formula for complex solutions

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Example.

Solve the quadratic equation

$$13z^2 - 6z + 1 = 0,$$

writing the solutions in the Cartesian form $x + yi$.

3 What is the complex conjugate?

3.1 Video 7: What is the complex conjugate?

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [7]

As we saw when performing division of complex numbers, an idea called the conjugate was applied to simplify the denominator. Let us look at this idea a bit further.

Important idea (Complex conjugate).

For a complex number $z = x + yi$ we define and denote the “complex conjugate of z ” by

$$\bar{z} = x - yi.$$

If $z = 3 + i$ then $\bar{z} = 3 - i$. If $w = 1 - 2i$ then $\bar{w} = 1 + 2i$. If $u = -1 - i$ then $\bar{u} = -1 + i$.

For any point z in the complex plane, we can geometrically determine \bar{z} by reflecting the position of z through the real axis.

3.1.1 What are the properties of the conjugate?

Important idea (Conjugate properties).

Let $z = a + bi$ and $w = c + di$. Some basic properties of the conjugate are:-

$$z\bar{z} = (a + bi)(a - bi) = a^2 + b^2, \text{ real and non\{neg\} number;}$$

$$\bar{\bar{z}} = z;$$

$$\overline{z + w} = \bar{z} + \bar{w} = (a + c) - (b + d)i;$$

$$\overline{z - w} = \bar{z} - \bar{w} = (a - c) + (d - b)i;$$

$$\overline{z\bar{w}} = \bar{z}w;$$

$$\overline{z/w} = \bar{z}/\bar{w};$$

$$\overline{z^n} = \bar{z}^n;$$

$$\frac{z + \bar{z}}{2} = a = \Re(z);$$

$$\frac{z - \bar{z}}{2} = b = \Im(z).$$

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3.1.2 Basic operations with the conjugate

Example.

If $z = -2 + 3i$ then calculate the following: a) \bar{z} ; b) $z + \bar{z}$.

By definition,

$$\bar{z} = -2 - 3i.$$

Also,

$$\begin{aligned} z + \bar{z} &= (-2 + 3i) + (-2 - 3i) \\ &= -4 + 0i \\ &= 4. \end{aligned}$$

3.2 Video 8: Calculations with the complex conjugate

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [8]

Example.

If $z = 4 - 3i$ and $w = 1 + 4i$ then calculate the following in Cartesian form $x + yi$:

- a) $25/z$; b) $iw(\bar{z} - 4)$

3.2.1 Simplifying complex numbers with the conjugate

Example.

Simplify

$$\frac{2 - 7i}{3 - i}$$

into the Cartesian form $x + yi$.

We multiply by a factor of one that involves the conjugate of the denominator, namely

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{2 - 7i}{3 - i} &= \frac{2 - 7i}{3 - i} * \frac{3 + i}{3 + i} \\ &= \frac{(6 - 7i^2) + 2i - 21i}{(9 - i^2) + 3i - 3i} \\ &= 13/10 - 19i/10.\end{aligned}$$

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3.3 Video 9: How to show a number is purely imaginary

3.3.1 Using the conjugate to show a number is purely imaginary

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Example.

Let

$$\Im\left(\frac{z+i}{z-i}\right) = 0$$

with $z \neq i$. Show $\Re(z) = 0$.

3.4 Video 10: How to prove the real part of a complex number is zero

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [10]

Example.

Let $z \in \mathbb{C}$ with $|z| = 1$. Show

$$\Re\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right) = 0.$$

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3.5 Video 11: Complex conjugate and linear systems

3.5.1 Solving systems of equations with the conjugate

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Example.

Solve the following system for complex numbers z and w :

$$2z + 3w = 1 + 5i,$$

$$3\bar{z} - \bar{w} = 4 + 3i.$$

3.6 Video 12: When are the squares of z and its conjugate equal?

3.6.1 Showing real or imag parts are zero via the conjugate

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [12]

Example.

Prove the following: For all $z \in \mathbb{C}$ we have

$$z^2 = \bar{z}^2$$

if and only if

$$\Re(z) = 0 \text{ or } \Im(z) = 0.$$

3.7 Video 13: Conjugate of products is product of conjugates

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [13]

Example.

Prove, for all complex numbers z and w :

$$\overline{zw} = \bar{z} \bar{w}.$$

3.8 Video 14: Why complex solutions appear in conjugate pairs

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [14]

Example.

Let $z = \alpha + \beta i$ satisfy

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0.$$

Show that \bar{z} is also a solution.

4 How big are complex numbers?

4.1 Video 15: How big are complex numbers?

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [15]

To measure how “big” certain complex numbers are, we introduce a way of measuring their size, known as the modulus or the magnitude.

Important idea (Modulus/magnitude of a complex number).

For a complex number $z = x + yi$ we define the modulus or magnitude of z by

$$|z| := \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}.$$

Geometrically, $|z|$ represents the length r of the line segment connecting z to the origin.



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4.1.1 Properties of the modulus/magnitude

Important idea.

Let $z = a + bi$ and $w = c + di$. Some basic properties of the modulus are:-

$$|z| = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \geq 0;$$

$$|z| = 0 \text{ iff } z = 0;$$

$$|z^2| = |z|^2;$$

$$|z + w| \leq |z| + |w|;$$

$$|\alpha z| = |\alpha||z| \text{ where } \alpha \text{ is a real number};$$

$$|zw| = |z||w|;$$

$$z\bar{z} = |z|^2.$$

Example.

If $z = 7 + i$ and $w = 3 - i$ then calculate:

$$|z + iw|.$$

Example.

If $w = 1 + 4i$ then calculate the following in Cartesian form $x + yi$:

$$|w + 2|.$$

We have

$$\begin{aligned} |w + 2| &= |3 + 4i| \\ &= \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} \\ &= 5. \end{aligned}$$

4.2 Video 16: Modulus of a product is the product of moduli

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Example.

Prove, for all complex numbers z and w :

$$|zw| = |z| |w|.$$



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4.3 Video 17: Square roots of complex numbers

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Example.

Solve

$$z^2 = (x + yi)^2 = -24 - 10i$$

for $z \in \mathbb{C}$ by computing the real numbers x and y . Hence write down the square roots of $-24 - 10i$.

4.4 Video 18: Quadratic equations with complex coefficients

4.4.1 Square roots of complex numbers

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [18]

Example.

i) Solve

$$z^2 = (x + yi)^2 = 15 + 8i$$

for $z \in \mathbb{C}$ by computing x and y which are assumed to be integers.

Hence write down the square roots of $15 + 8i$.

ii) Hence solve, in $x + yi$ form,

$$z^2 - (2 + 3i)z - 5 + i = 0.$$

4.5 Video 19: Show real part of complex number is zero

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [19]

Example.

Let $z \in \mathbb{C}$ with $z \neq i$. If $|z| = 1$ then show

$$\Re\left(\frac{z+i}{z-i}\right) = 0.$$

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5 Polar trig form

5.1 Video 20: Polar trig form of complex number

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [20]

Instead of the Cartesian $x + yi$ form, sometimes it is convenient to express complex numbers in other equivalent forms.

Using trigonometry in the complex plane we see that we can express any (non-zero) complex number z in the form

$$z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$$

where r is the distance to the origin and θ is the angle to the pos. real axis.

Important idea (Formulae for polar trig form).

For $z = x + yi$ a polar trig form is $z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$ where:

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = |z|;$$

$$x = r \cos \theta, \quad y = r \sin \theta, \quad \tan \theta = y/x.$$

We denote the angle θ by $\arg(z)$ and call $\arg(z)$ “an argument of z ”.

Because $\cos \theta = \cos(\theta + 2k\pi)$ and $\sin \theta = \sin(\theta + 2k\pi)$ for all integers k , the angle θ associated with a complex number is not unique.

For example, if $z = 1 + i$ then we may represent z in polar trig form via

$$z = \sqrt{2}(\cos(\pi/4) + i \sin(\pi/4))$$

and

$$z = \sqrt{2}(\cos(9\pi/4) + i \sin(9\pi/4)).$$

Thus, $\theta = \arg(z)$ is not uniquely determined by z .

To provide some deniteness, we dene what is known as the principal argument of z .

Important idea ($\arg(z)$ versus $\text{Arg}(z)$).

For any complex number $z = x + yi$ with $\theta = \arg(z)$ we can always choose an integer k such that $-\pi < \arg(z) - 2k\pi \leq \pi$. We denote this special angle by $\text{Arg}(z)$ and call $\text{Arg}(z)$ “the principal argument of z ”.



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6 Polar exponential form

6.1 Video 21: Polar exponential form of a complex number

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Instead of the Cartesian form $z = x + yi$ or the polar trig form $z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$ sometimes it is convenient for multiplication and solving polynomials to express complex numbers in yet another equivalent form

$$z = re^{i\theta}.$$

Important idea (Formula for polar exponential form $z = re^{i\theta}$).

For $z = x + yi$ a polar exponential form is $z = re^{i\theta}$ where:

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \text{ and } \tan \theta = y/x.$$

If we combine the polar exponential form with the polar trig form then we obtain a special identity called “Euler’s formula”

$$e^{i\theta} = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$$

and if $\theta = \pi$ then we obtain the famous formula

$$e^{\pi i} = -1.$$

Because $\cos \theta = \cos(\theta + 2k\pi)$ and $\sin \theta = \sin(\theta + 2k\pi)$ for all integers k , the angle θ associated with a complex number is not unique.

For example, if $z = 1 + i$ then we may represent z in polar trig and polar exp. form via

$$z = \sqrt{2}(\cos(\pi/4) + i \sin(\pi/4)) = \sqrt{2}e^{i\pi/4}$$

and

$$z = \sqrt{2}(\cos(9\pi/4) + i \sin(9\pi/4)) = \sqrt{2}e^{i9\pi/4}.$$

Thus, $\theta = \arg(z)$ is not uniquely determined by z .

To provide some definiteness, we define what is known as the principal argument of z .

Important idea ($\arg(z)$ versus $\text{Arg}(z)$).

For any complex number $z = x + yi$ with $\theta = \arg(z)$ we can always choose an integer k such that $-\pi < \arg(z) - 2k\pi \leq \pi$. We denote this special angle by $\text{Arg}(z)$ and call it “the principal argument of z ”.

6.2 Revision Video 22: Intro to complex numbers + basic operations

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Example.

Let $z := 2e^{i\pi/6}$. Calculate: z^3 ; z^{-1} ; and $-3z$. In addition, plot your calculated complex numbers on the same Argand diagram.

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6.3 Revision Video 23: Complex numbers and calculations

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Example.

Define the complex numbers z and w by $z := 2 - 5i$ and $w = 1 + 2i$. Calculate:

$$\frac{1 + 7i}{w}; \quad 4\bar{z}w; \quad \text{Arg}(w - 3i).$$

6.4 Video 24: Powers of complex numbers via polar forms

6.4.1 Calculations with the polar exponential form

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [24]

Example.

If $z = 2e^{5\pi i/6}$ then compute z^2 , $1/z$ and $\Im(z)$. Plot z , z^2 and $1/z$ in the same complex plane.

7 Powers of complex numbers

7.1 Video 25: Powers of complex numbers

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [25]

Example.

Powers of complex numbers If $z = -1 + i\sqrt{3}$ then:

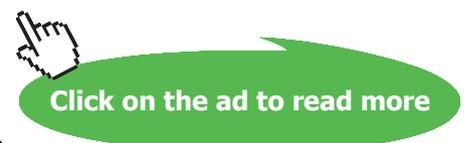
- Calculate a polar exponential form of z ;
- Hence determine $\text{Arg}(z^{23})$ and write z^{23} in Cartesian form.

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7.2 Video 26: What is the power of a complex number?

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Example.

Suppose $z = 1 + i$, $w = 1 - i\sqrt{3}$. If

$$q := z^6/w^5$$

then:

- a) Calculate $|q|$;
- b) Determine $\text{Arg}(q)$.

7.3 Video 27: Roots of complex numbers

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [27]

Example.

Solve

$$z^5 = 16(1 - i\sqrt{3})$$

leaving your answers in simplified polar exponential form.

7.4 Video 28: Complex numbers solutions to polynomial equations

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Example.

Determine all of the (complex) fourth roots of $8(-1 + \sqrt{3}i)$. You may leave your answer in polar form.

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7.5 Video 29: Complex numbers and $\tan(\pi/12)$

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Example.

If $z = -2 + 2i$ and $w = -1 - i\sqrt{3}$ then:

- a) Compute zw in Cartesian form;
- b) Rewrite z and w in polar exponential form and thus calculate zw in polar exponential form;
- c) Hence determine a precise value for $\tan(\pi/12)$.

7.6 Video 30: Euler's formula: A cool proof

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [30]

Important idea (Euler's formula).

We prove

$$e^{i\theta} = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta.$$

Let $f(\theta) := \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$. Thus, $f(0) = 1$. Differentiating f we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} f'(\theta) &= -\sin \theta + i \cos \theta \\ &= i^2 \sin \theta + i \cos \theta \\ &= i(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta) \\ &= if(\theta). \end{aligned}$$

We have formed a differential equation/initial value problem. Note that $g(\theta) := e^{i\theta}$ also satisfies the IVP. By uniqueness of solutions, $f \equiv g$, that is,

$$e^{i\theta} = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta.$$

This also means that the polar exponential form $re^{i\theta}$ is an accurate representation of any complex number z .

8 De Moivre's formula

8.1 Video 31: De Moivre's formula: A cool proof

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [31]

De Moivre's formula is useful for simplifying computations involving powers of complex numbers.

Important idea (De Moivre's formula).

For each integer n and all real θ we have

$$(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^n = (\cos n\theta + i \sin n\theta).$$

The proof utilizes Euler's formula

$$e^{i\theta} = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta.$$

We have,

$$\begin{aligned}(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^n &= (e^{i\theta})^n \\ &= e^{in\theta} \\ &= (\cos n\theta + i \sin n\theta)\end{aligned}$$

and thus we have proven the result.

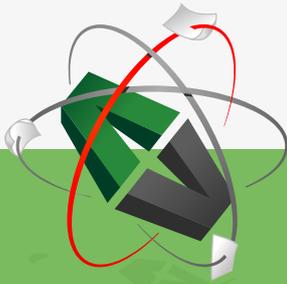
8.2 Video 32: Trig identities from De Moivre's theorem

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Example.

Write $\cos 5\theta$ in terms of $\cos \theta$ by applying De Moivre's theorem.

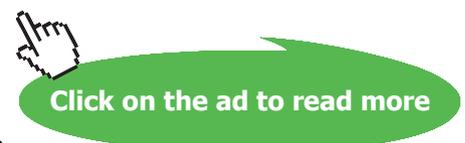
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8.3 Video 33: Trig identities: De Moivre's formula

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Example.

Write $\sin 4\theta$ in terms of $\cos \theta$ and $\sin 4\theta$ by applying De Moivre's theorem. Hence, write $\sin 4\theta \cos \theta$ as a function of $\sin 4\theta$.

9 Connecting sin, cos with e

9.1 Video 34: Trig identities and Euler's formula

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [34]

9.1.1 More connections between $\sin \theta$, $\cos \theta$, $e^{i\theta}$

Euler's formula

$$e^{i\theta} = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$$

can be manipulated to obtain the following identities

Important idea (Trig functions in terms of exponentials).

$$\cos \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}.$$

For example, consider

$$e^{-i\theta} = \cos(-\theta) + i \sin(-\theta) = \cos \theta - i \sin \theta$$

and so $e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta} = 2 \cos \theta$, which rearranges to the first identity.

9.1.2 Trig identities from Euler's formula

Example.

Apply the identity

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$$

to express $\sin^4 \theta$ in terms of $\cos \theta, \cos 2\theta, \dots$.



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9.2 Video 35: Trig identities from Euler's formula

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Example.

Apply the identity

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$$

to express $\sin^5 \theta$ in terms of $\sin \theta, \sin 2\theta, \dots$.

9.3 Video 36: How to prove trig identities WITHOUT trig!

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Example.

Prove

$$\sin(x + y) = \sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y.$$

9.4 Revision Video 37: Complex numbers + trig identities

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The problem for this video is similar to Video 35.



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10 Regions in the complex plane

10.1 Video 38: How to determine regions in the complex plane

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10.1.1 Regions in the complex plane

We can use equations or inequalities to represent regions within two-dimensional space.

With a bit of care, we can also represent regions in the complex plane via similar techniques.

We know that the modulus $|z|$ of any complex number z is the length of the line segment joining z to the origin. Thus, the set

$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| < 3\}$$

is the set of all complex numbers, whose distance to the origin is less than three units. This is an open disc, centred at the origin, with radius three.

Similarly, the set

$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z - (2 + i)| < 3\}$$

is the set of all complex numbers, whose distance to $2 + i$ is less than three units. This is an open disc, centred at the $2 + i$, with radius three.

Similarly, the set

$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z - i| = 3\}$$

is the set of all complex numbers, whose distance to i is exactly three units. This is a circle, centered at the i , with radius three.

The set

$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z - 2| = |z - 4|\}$$

is the set of all complex numbers, whose distance to 2 and 4 are equal. This is a vertical line, passing through 3.

Also

$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : 0 \leq \text{Arg}(z) \leq \pi/2\}$$

is the set of all complex numbers, whose principal argument is between zero and $\pi/2$. This is all those points that lie in the first quadrant, covered by a quarter-turn in the anticlockwise direction about the origin.

10.1.2 Regions in the complex plane

Example.

Determine and sketch the set of points satisfying

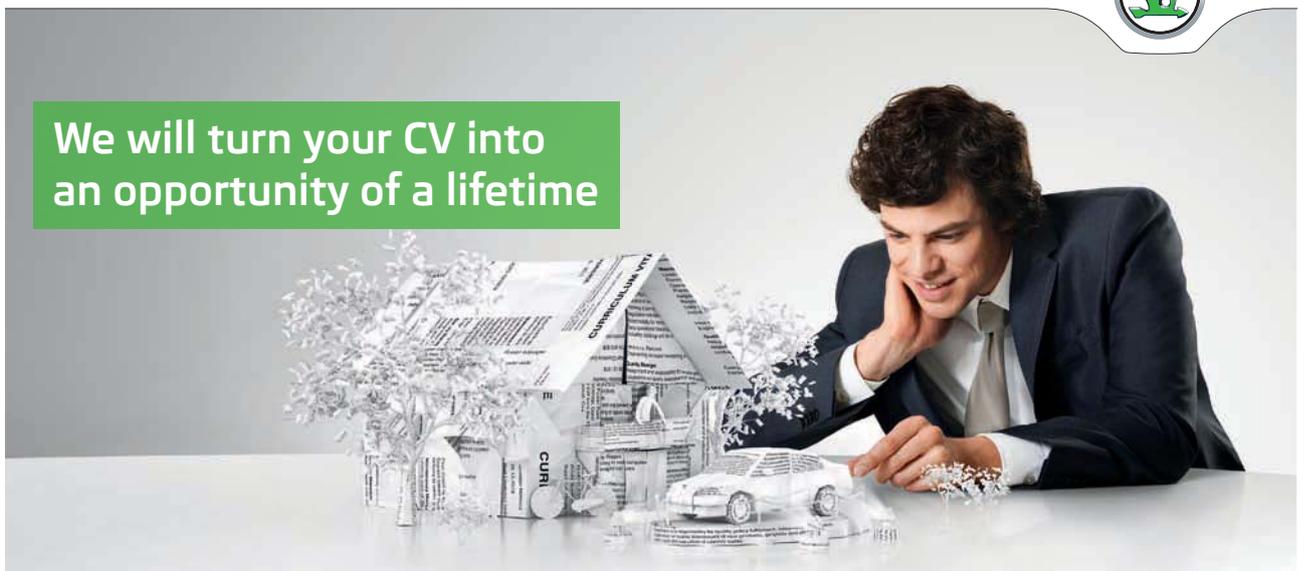
$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z + 4| = 2|z - i|\}.$$

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10.2 Video 39: Circular sector in the complex plane

10.2.1 Regions in the complex plane

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Example.

Determine and sketch the set of points satisfying

$$|z - 1 - i| < 3, \quad 0 < \text{Arg}(z) < \pi/4.$$

10.3 Video 40: Circle in the complex plane

10.3.1 Regions in the complex plane

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [40]

Example.

Determine and sketch the set of points satisfying

$$|z + 3| = 2|z - 6i|.$$

10.4 Video 41: How to sketch regions in the complex plane

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [41]

Example.

Sketch the region in the complex plane dened by all those complex numbers z such that

$$|z - 2i| < 1, \quad \text{and} \quad 0 < \text{Arg}(z - 2i) \leq \frac{3\pi}{4}.$$

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11 Complex polynomials

11.1 Video 42: How to factor complex polynomials

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Important idea.

The basic theory for complex polynomials of degree n

$$p(z) := a_n z^n + a_{n-1} z^{n-1} + \cdots + a_1 z + a_0$$

may be summarized as follows:-

- Every polynomial $p(z)$ of degree n has at least one root over \mathbb{C} . That is, there is at least one α such that $p(\alpha) = 0$.
- The roots of complex polynomials with **real** coefficients appear in conjugate pairs.
- If $p(\alpha) = 0$ for some number α then $(z - \alpha)$ is a factor of $p(z)$.
- Every polynomial of degree n can be factored into n linear parts. That is

$$p(z) = a_n(z - \alpha_1)(z - \alpha_2) \cdots (z - \alpha_n)$$

where the α_i are the roots of $p(z)$.

11.1.1 Complex polynomials with real coefficients

Example.

- a) Solve $p(z) := z^6 + 64 = 0$.
- b) Hence factorize $p(z)$ into linear factors.

11.2 Video 43: Factorizing complex polynomials

11.2.1 Complex polynomials with real coefficients

[View this lesson on YouTube](#) [43]

Example.

If $p(z) := 2z^4 - 5z^3 + 5z^2 - 20z - 12$ then:

- Show $p(2i) = 0$;
- Illustrate that $z^2 + 4$ is a factor of $p(z)$ (without division) and also find the other quadratic factor;
- Thus, factorize $p(z)$ into quadratic factors.

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11.3 Video 44: Factor polynomials into linear parts

11.3.1 Complex polynomials with real coefficients

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Example.

- a) Solve $p(z) := z^7 + 3^7 = 0$.
- b) Hence factorize $p(z)$ into linear factors.

11.4 Video 45: Complex linear factors

11.4.1 Complex polynomials with real coefficients

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Example.

If $p(z) := z^5 + 4z^3 - 8z^2 - 32$ then:

- a) Show $p(2i) = 0$;
- b) Illustrate that $z^2 + 4$ is a factor of $p(z)$ (without division) and also find the other quadratic factor;
- c) Thus, factorize $p(z)$ into complex linear factors.

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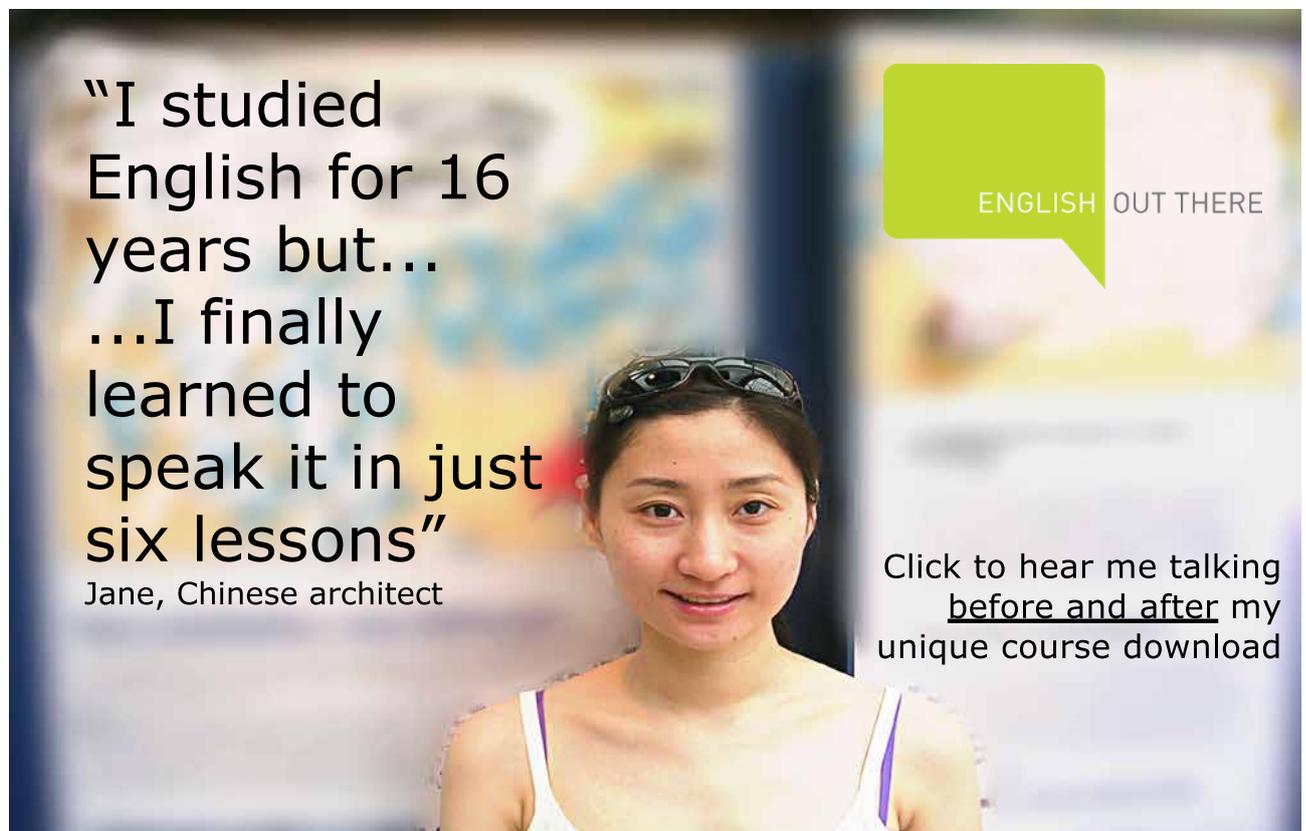
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